### 2021 Q4 SUMMA CANISTER REPORT COMMERCE CITY NORTH DENVER COMMUNITY AIR MONITORING NETWORK COMMERCE CITY, COLORADO

Prepared For:

MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES

> **Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc.** 5801 Brighton Boulevard Commerce City, CO 80022

Prepared By:

Montrose Air Quality Services, LLC 990 W 43<sup>rd</sup> Avenue Denver, CO 80211

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from 6-liter evacuated stainless steel ("Summa") canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout entire neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two, the periodic collection and laboratory analysis of Summa canister air samples and a screening health risk analysis. Continuous, near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports.

Planned air samples were collected during the fourth quarter of 2021. A total of 11 planned air samples (1-hour) were collected by field technicians at eight locations within the CCND neighborhoods, and an additional three non-CCND community monitoring reference sites (urban and rural background) were chosen for the sampling campaign. All air samples were collected using Summa canisters and sent to an accredited laboratory for analysis of a broad suite of VOCs in accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methods TO-15 and TO-14.

Health scientists from CTEH, LLC (CTEH<sup>®</sup>) (a subsidiary company of Montrose) performed a screening-level human health risk assessment based on the data collected by Montrose. A screening-level assessment uses the most health conservative assumptions about exposure and chemical toxicity. This risk assessment was conducted to determine whether measured concentrations of individual or cumulative VOCs could potentially cause acute (short-term) adverse health effects. The health risk calculations described in this report were performed per federal and state guidance. The risk assessment resulted in the following overall findings:

- Air sample data and health risk assessment indicate all measured individual and combined air concentrations in planned air samples collected on December 28, 2021 at CCND and reference locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
- These results for samples taken from both CCND and reference locations indicate that measured concentrations are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.



#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air guality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two (Summa canister sampling and analysis). The continuous near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports. Air monitoring, sampling, and analysis from all three approaches were conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and are available online at www.ccndair.com/documents.

#### 1.1 Air Monitoring Site Description

Eight Summa canister samples were collected from the CCND neighborhoods, within a three-mile radius of the refinery operations. The monitor locations are shown in Figures 1-1 and 1-2 and described in Table 1-1; they were selected based on the following criteria:

Historical wind pattern data,

- Proximity to the refinery and non-refinery sources,
- Existing infrastructure, as well as site access and safety,
- Community feedback

An additional three planned air samples were collected at non-CCND community monitoring sites (reference locations), in both urban and rural locations (Table 1-2). These locations were at the E470-I25 Junction (JUNC), the Brighton Fire Department (BFD), and the Colorado Department of Health and Environment (CDPHE) CAMP air monitoring station (CAMP). The JUNC and BFD monitoring locations were chosen as rural background locations about 13 miles north of the CCND network. The CAMP location was selected as a representative urban location that has comparative data collected by CDPHE<sup>1</sup>.

https://www.colorado.gov/airquality/tech\_doc\_repository.aspx?action=open&file=2020\_CO\_5yr\_Network\_Assessment.pdf



<sup>1</sup> CDPHE describes CAMP as Urban in many reports. As an example, this description can be found on page 6 of the <u>2020 Ambient</u> <u>Air Monitoring Network Assessment</u>:



FIGURE 1-1 MAP OF EIGHT CCND MONITOR LOCATIONS



#### FIGURE 1-2

MAP OF THREE NON-CCND COMMUNITY MONITORING (URBAN AND RURAL BACKGROUND) SITES: E470/I25 (JUNC), BRIGHTON FIRE DEPARTMENT (BFD) AND COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT (CDPHE) CAMP AIR MONITORING STATION (CAMP)





	- · · -		Distance from Refinery Center	
Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	(miles)	Cross Streets
CM1	Rose Hill Elementary School	39.80164, -104.90882	2.0	E. 58 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Oneida St., Commerce City
CM2	Suncor Refinery Business Center	39.79599, -104.95603	0.70	Brighton Blvd. & York St., Commerce City
CM3	Adams City High School	39.82736, -104.90193	2.9	E 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Quebec Pkwy, Commerce City
CM4	Adams City Middle School	39.82893, -104.93499	1.9	Birch St. & E 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM5	Central Elementary School	39.81457, -104.91928	1.7	Holly St. & E 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM6	Focus Points Family Resource Center	39.78436, -104.95663	1.4	Columbine St. & 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM7	Kearney Middle School	39.80888, -104.91545	1.7	E. 62 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Kearney St., Commerce City
CM8	Monroe	39.8156, -104.94503	0.85	Monroe St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver

## TABLE 1-1 CCND MONITORS AND SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING LOCATIONS



Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	Distance from Refinery Center (miles)	Cross Streets
CAMP	Denver CDPHE	39.75111, -104.98766	4.2	Champa St. & N. Broadway, Denver
JUNC	E470/I25	39.98614, -104.98468	12.8	E. 160 <sup>th</sup> & Washington St., Thornton
BFD	Brighton	39.98512, -104.86665	13.1	Havana St. & Havana Way, Brighton

## TABLE 1-2 SUMMA CANISTER REFERENCE LOCATIONS

#### 2.0 METHODS

#### 2.1 Air Sampling Methods

Planned air samples were collected during the fourth quarter of 2021 on December 28, 2021. Entech Instruments Silonite<sup>™</sup> CS1200E Passive Canister Samplers connected to 6-liter chemically inert stainless steel ("Summa") canisters were used to collect samples over a 1-hour period. The Summa canisters were cleaned and blanked for use according to laboratory standard operating procedures. Planned air samples were collected by a field technician by manually opening and closing the Summa canister's regulator valve during a time when real-time instruments indicated total VOC concentrations to be less than the 1-ppm trigger level. All sampling and quality assurance procedures were performed by Montrose. All Summa canister field sampling followed the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) provided in the QAPP.

The canister samples were shipped to Enthalpy Analytical in Durham, North Carolina. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Compendium Method TO-14A "*Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air using Specially Prepared Canisters with Subsequent Analysis by Gas Chromatography*" and TO-15 entitled "*Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air Collected in Specially Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)*" were followed for both sampling and analysis methodology. A total of 59 analytes were selected for analysis in this assessment, based on the typical suite of compounds monitored for in urban and industrial areas, accounting for laboratory analysis capabilities (Table 1-3).



Ethylene	Isopentane	3-Methylpentane	3-Methylheptane	2,4- Dimethylpentane
Acetylene	1-Pentene	1-Hexene	Nonane	2,3-
Ethane	Pentane	1,3-Butadiene	3-Ethyltoluene	Dimethylpentane 1,2,3- Trimethylbenzene
Propylene	lsoprene	Heptane	2-Ethyltoluene	1,3,5- Trimethylbenzene
Propane	Trans-2-Pentene	2-Methylhexane	Decane	2,2,4- Trimethylpentane
Isobutane	Cis-2-Pentene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Tetrachloroethene
1-Butene	2,2- Dimethylbutane	3-Methylhexane	m-Diethylbenzene	1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene
Butane	Cyclopentane	Methylcyclohexane	p-Diethylbenzene	Methylcyclopentane
Trans-2-Butene	Cyclohexane	Hexane	Undecane	2,3,4- Trimethylpentane
Cis-2-Butene	2-Methylpentane	2-Methylheptane	Dodecane	2,3-Dimethylbutane
m-/p-Xylenes	o-Xylene	4-Ethyltoluene	Benzene	Carbon disulfide
n-Octane	lsopropylbenzene	n-Propylbenzene	Naphthalene	

# TABLE 1-3 SELECTED COMPOUNDS MEASURED IN SUMMA CANISTERS

#### 2.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Methods

CTEH<sup>®</sup> conducted a screening-level public health risk assessment, consistent with federal and state risk assessment guidelines, to determine whether exposure to the detected concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) analytes in the air could potentially pose acute (short-term) health impacts. A tiered approach to the risk assessment was used. This approach involves one or more iterative steps (or tiers) being performed in which health risks are calculated and evaluated multiple times. In most cases, risk assessors cannot know exactly the level of chemical exposure experienced by individuals or communities. Therefore, the first tier involves use of exposure assumptions that are health-conservative. This means that data reflecting maximum exposure potential are plugged into the risk calculations. These are worst-case scenarios that typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. Such calculations are very simple and assume a person is constantly exposed to the highest measured chemical level. If the resulting risk values indicate the lack of likely adverse health effects under these worst-case conditions, then the risk assessment is complete. However, if the risk values suggest a potential for adverse health effects, then a second tier of risk calculations are performed, but this time using more detailed assumptions about exposure that are still simple



representations of the real world but are more realistic than the first-tier worst-case assumptions. Each successive tier represents a more complete characterization of exposure variability and/or uncertainty that requires a corresponding increase in calculation complexity and scientific level of effort.

The first tier of this risk assessment process is called a screening-level risk assessment. The conservative assumptions used for this level of risk calculation typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. As such, an exceedance of an acceptable risk level (defined below) does not necessarily indicate that adverse health effects are likely. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) states, "when health assessors find exposures higher than the MRLs (ATSDR's specific health-based reference levels), it means that they may want to look more closely at a site"<sup>2</sup>. In other words, screening-level findings of an estimated exposure to a VOC being higher than a health-based reference level do NOT indicate an actual likelihood of adverse effects but do indicate a need to move to a second tier of analysis and refine the risk assessment process with more realistic detail to determine if an actual risk exists that needs to be mitigated.

The screening-level risk assessment reported here includes calculated risks from exposure to individually measured chemicals as well as exposure to all measured chemicals at once (cumulative). For individual chemicals, an acute health risk value was calculated as the exposure concentration (EC) divided by the chemical-specific federal or state established acute Reference Levels (RL) (Equation 1). The result is referred to as the hazard quotient (HQ). Estimates of EC were derived from the 1-hour average concentrations of each analyte. Using the average for the EC conservatively assumes that a hypothetical maximally exposed individual occupies the sampling location area and breathes the 1-hour detected concentration continuously for an hour up to multiple days (an acute exposure). The RLs used to calculate the HQs are previously established exposure levels below which no adverse effect in humans is expected. If available, RLs adopted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) were selected for use within this assessment and include ATSDR acute minimum risk levels (MRL), California EPA OEHHA acute risk levels, and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) acute exposure guideline levels<sup>3</sup>. If the analyte was not listed by CDPHE, CTEH<sup>®</sup> followed a federal and state recommended hierarchy for selection of health-based reference levels<sup>4</sup>.

Acute HQs were calculated as follows:

#### Eq. 1 – Hazard Quotient (HQ) Equation

HQ= EC/ RL

Where:

HQ= Hazard Quotient

EC= 1-hour average air concentration

RL= Acute Health-based Reference Level (ATSDR, Cal EPA OEHHA, and TCEQ)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%2 0(MRLs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P2KEvu0MFiyzQAOQtjQUclqR-WGh1bEX/view

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2015-11/documents/hhmemo.pdf

Health risks from potential cumulative exposures to all detected analytes were calculated by adding together each individual analyte's HQ calculated for a given sampling location. This sum of all the individual HQs is called a Hazard Index (HI). Adding together all the HQs is also a very health-conservative approach because it assumes that all the measured analytes exert an adverse effect on the body in a similar manner, which is rarely the case.

An HQ or HI of less than or equal to one is an indication that the estimated exposure is likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations. The potential for adverse health effects increases as HQ or HI increase above one, but it is not known by how much. HQ or HI values of greater than one would prompt a second-tier risk assessment beyond the screening-level assessment.

According to the USEPA and ATSDR, the federal agencies that establish these reference levels, these values "are set below levels that, based on current information, might cause adverse health effects in the people most sensitive." This is because RLs are based on observed toxicity in human or animal studies with an added safety factor to account for uncertainties in the toxicity data. For example, ATSDR identified the lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) for acute exposure to benzene as 10,200 parts per billion (ppb), based on a study of mice exposed six hours per day for six days. ATSDR then applied a combined safety factor of 300 to derive the final RL to account for several uncertainties, including differences between mice and humans and for sensitive individuals. Therefore, it is scientifically incorrect to assume that all real-world exposures to a chemical at levels higher than a RL will likely result in an adverse effect.

The USEPA also has established values for use in emergency situations, termed Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs). Unlike health-based reference levels that can be thousands of times below exposure levels where adverse effects are observed, AEGL values are levels at which different acute adverse health effects may be anticipated to occur. According to USEPA, "*AEGL-1 represent exposure levels that could produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and non-disabling odor, taste, and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, non-sensory effects. With increasing airborne concentration above each AEGL, there is a progressive increase in the likelihood of occurrence and the severity of effects described for each corresponding AEGL [i.e., AEGL-2 or AEGL-3]." The AEGL-1 60-minute value, if available for the applicable compound, was provided for comparison purposes because it is more precautionary (than AEGL-2 or AEGL-3) as the AEGL-1 level reflects potential health impacts that are reversible upon cessation of exposure.* 

#### 3.0 RESULTS

#### 3.1 Summary of Air Sampling Results

A total of 11, 1-hour planned air samples were collected during the fourth quarter of 2021. Eight were collected from CCND sampling locations and three were collected from reference locations. Summary details are presented in Tables 1-4 and 1-5, and additional details are available in Appendix A.



#### TABLE 1-4

#### DECEMBER 28, 2021 (Q4) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – CCND MONITORING LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PPBV)

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections
1-Butene	106-98-9	8	5	0.0698-0.1930
1-Hexene	592-41-6	8	0	< 0.0629
1-Pentene	109-67-1	8	0	< 0.0629
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	8	2	0.0645 - 0.0972
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	8	1	0.0646
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	8	4	0.0613-0.1100
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	8	0	< 0.0629
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	8	0	< 0.0629
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	8	0	< 0.0629
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	8	2	0.0966 - 0.1310
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	8	1	0.3150
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	8	0	< 0.0629
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	8	0	< 0.0629
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	8	2	0.0803-0.1270
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	8	4	0.1260 - 0.1710
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	8	0	< 0.0629
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	8	1	0.1690
		8		
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4		2	0.0695-0.0801
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	8	0	< 0.0629
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	8	2	0.1180-0.1200
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	8	2	0.0653 - 0.0676
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	8	0	< 0.0629
Acetylene	74-86-2	8	7	0.6670 - 1.3600
Benzene	71-43-2	8	8	0.1310 - 0.2900
Butane	106-97-8	8	8	1.1600 - 4.1400
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	8	2	0.1260 - 0.4110
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	8	1	0.0703
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	8	0	< 0.0629
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	8	6	0.0993-0.1720
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	8	1	0.0866
Decane	124-18-5	8	3	0.0842 - 0.1690
Dodecane	112-40-3	8	0	< 0.0629
Ethane	74-84-0	8	8	5.1100 - 17.4000
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	8	3	0.0625 - 0.0839
Ethylene	74-85-1	8	8	0.6400 - 2.0900
Heptane	142-82-5	8	8	0.0803-0.2410
Hexane	110-54-3	8	8	0.1480 - 0.4640
Isobutane	75-28-5	8	8	0.4280 - 4.5300
			8	
Isopentane	78-78-4	8		0.3580 - 1.5400
Isoprene	78-79-5	8	0	< 0.0629
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	8	0	< 0.0629
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3 &/ 106-42-3	8	7	0.1340 - 0.2540
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	8	0	< 0.0629
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	8	1	0.1340 - 0.1340
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	8	2	0.0886 - 0.1550
n-Octane	111-65-9	8	1	0.0614
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	8	0	< 0.0629
Naphthalene	91-20-3	8	0	< 0.0629
Nonane	111-84-2	8	1	0.0706
o-Xylene	95-47-6	8	3	0.0653-0.0876
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	8	Ō	< 0.0629
Pentane	109-66-0	8	8	0.3600 - 1.5900
Propane	74-98-6	8	8	2.5000 - 7.5700
Propylene	115-07-1	8	7	0.2050 - 0.4810
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	8	ó	< 0.0629
	108-88-3	8	8	0.1010 - 0.5240
Toluene				
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	8	1	0.0754
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	8	0	< 0.0629
Undecane	1120-21-4	8	0	< 0.0629

All results presented in ppb

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.



#### TABLE 1-5

## DECEMBER 28, 2021 (Q4) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – REFERENCE LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PPBV)

			••••••••	
Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections
1-Butene	106-98-9	3	0	< 0.0616
1-Hexene	592-41-6	3	0	< 0.0616
1-Pentene	109-67-1	3	0	< 0.0616
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	3	1	0.1580
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3	1	0.0652
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	3	0	< 0.0616
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	3	0	< 0.0616
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	3	0	< 0.0616
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	3	0	< 0.0616
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	3	0	< 0.0616
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	3	0	< 0.0616
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	3	0	< 0.0616
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	3	0	< 0.0616
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	3	0	< 0.0616
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	3	1	0.0716
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	3	0	< 0.0616
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	3	2	0.1070-0.1370
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	3	0	< 0.0616
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	3	ō	< 0.0616
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	3	ŏ	< 0.0616
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	3	1	0.0645
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	3	Ō	< 0.0616
Acetylene	74-86-2	3	3	0.6140 - 0.9340
Benzene	71-43-2	3	3	0.1200 - 0.1610
Butane	106-97-8	3	3	1.6600 - 2.5500
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3	1	0.0907
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	3	0	< 0.0616
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	3	0	< 0.0616
	110-82-7	3	2	0.0651-0.0970
Cyclohexane	287-92-3	3	0	< 0.0616
Cyclopentane		3	2	0.0941 - 0.4540
Decane Dodecane	124-18-5	3	0	
	112-40-3	3		< 0.0616
Ethane	74-84-0	3	3	8.0100 - 12.5000
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3	0	< 0.0616
Ethylene	74-85-1	3	3	0.6610 - 0.9730
Heptane	142-82-5	3	2	0.0932 - 0.1250
Hexane	110-54-3	3	3	0.1520 - 0.2980
Isobutane	75-28-5	3	3	0.5910 - 1.0300
Isopentane	78-78-4	3	3	0.6160 - 0.9580
Isoprene	78-79-5	3	0	< 0.0616
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	3	1	0.0705
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3 &/ 106-42-3	3	3	0.0681 - 0.1030
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	3	0	< 0.0616
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	3	0	< 0.0616
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	3	0	< 0.0616
n-Octane	111-65-9	3	0	< 0.0616
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	3	0	< 0.0616
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3	0	< 0.0616
Nonane	111-84-2	3	1	0.0691
o-Xylene	95-47-6	3	0	< 0.0616
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	3	1	0.0690
Pentané	109-66-0	3	3	0.4830 - 0.9320
Propane	74-98-6	3	3	2.9200 - 6.6300
Propylene	115-07-1	3	3	0.1480 - 0.1980
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	3	ō	< 0.0616
Toluene	108-88-3	3	3	0.1280 - 0.2110
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	3	0	< 0.0616
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	3	ŏ	< 0.0616
the state of the s	1120-21-4	3	1	0.0712

All results presented in ppb

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.



#### 3.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Results

The purpose of this screening health risk assessment was to determine whether exposure to the concentrations of individual or cumulative VOCs could potentially pose acute (short-term) health hazards. Acute health risks were estimated for each location for each substance both individually and combined. According to USEPA guidelines (USEPA 1989, 2004), a HQ or HI less than or equal to one indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive subpopulations. The calculated acute HQ and HI are summarized in Table 1-6, Table 1-7 and Figure 1-3 and all data are presented in Appendix B. In general, the data and health risk assessment indicate:

- All measured individual and combined air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on December 28, 2021 at CCND sampling locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
  - Table 1-6 shows all HQs for individual compounds to be well below one. An HQ of less than one indicates unlikely risk of adverse health effects from that compound.
  - Cumulative health risks (as indicated by HI) for all VOCs are shown in Figure 1-3. The calculated HI for all sampled sites were well below one, indicating unlikely risk of adverse health effects from cumulative exposure to measured analytes.
- All measured individual and combined air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples at reference sample locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels (Table 1-7, Figure 1-3).
- These risk results for samples taken from both CCND and reference locations indicate the measured concentrations are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.



#### **TABLE 1-6**

### DECEMBER 28, 2021 (Q4) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS: COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – CCND MONITORING SITES

		Hazard Quotient December 28, 2021										
Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0004	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0256	0.0221	0.0146	0.0322	0.0234	0.0214	0.0229	0.0194
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Decane Dodecane	124-18-5	NR NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002
	112-40-3 74-84-0	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute NA	0.0000	0.0000 NA	0.0000	0.0000 NA	0.0000 NA	0.0000 NA	0.0000	0.0000
Ethane	100-41-4	3,3000	NA 5,000		NA	0.0000	NA 0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	NA 0.0000	NA 0.0000
Ethylbenzene Ethylene	74-85-1	5,5000 NR	500,000	ATSDR Acute MRL TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3.	NR.	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0007	0.0006
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-Xylene	95-47-6	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0102	0.0102	0.0103	0.0103	0.0103	0.0102	0.0105	0.0103
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
				Hazard Index	0.0395	0.0359	0.0283	0.0468	0.0374	0.0353	0.0372	0.0335

NA = Not Available NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"



#### TABLE 1-7

#### DECEMBER 28, 2021 (Q4) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS: COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – REFERENCE SITES

Hazard Quotient

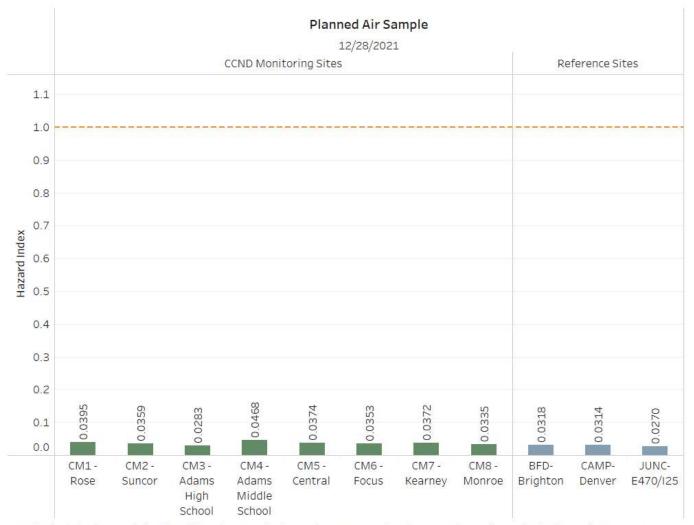
					December 28, 2021		
Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	BFD- Brighton	CAMP- Denver	JUNC- E470/I25
1-Butene	106-98-9	(PPD) NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane		NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
3-Ethyltoluene 3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
3-Methylhexane	589-81-1	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR		TCEO Short-Term AMCV			0.0000
			5,400		0.0000	0.0000	
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0177	0.0179	0.0133
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0005	0.0001	0.0001
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3,3000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3.	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
m-Dieth <mark>y</mark> lbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
o-Xylene	95-47-6	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethene	115-07-1	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0103	0.0102	0.0103
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Trans-2-Butene	108-88-3 624-64-6	87,000 NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV			
Trans-2-Butene Trans-2-Pentene					0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Undecane	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000		
ondecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV Hazard Index	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001

NA = Not Available

NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

AIR QUALITY SERVICES

FIGURE 1-3 DECEMBER 28, 2021 (Q4) - HAZARD INDEX BY AIR SAMPLING LOCATION FOR ALL PLANNED AIR SAMPLES



Hazard Index (HI) is the sum of all combined hazard quotients (HQ). According to EPA, a HI less than or equal to one (orange line) indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.



#### 3.3 Uncertainty Evaluation

Scientific uncertainty is inherent in each step of the risk assessment process because all risk assessments incorporate a variety of assumptions and professional judgments (USEPA 1989, 2004). Therefore, the acute health hazard estimates presented in this assessment are conditional estimates given a considerable number of assumptions about exposure and toxicity.

This screening-level risk assessment relied on a combination of health-protective exposure scenarios and input values (i.e., high-end exposures). This approach was selected to help risk management decision making. Because of these assumptions, the estimates of acute hazards are themselves uncertain.

This risk assessment did not address past or present health outcomes associated with current or past exposures. As such, this risk assessment cannot be used to make realistic predictions of biological effects and/or used to determine whether someone is ill (cancer or other adverse health effects) due to past or current exposures. This risk assessment was limited to inhalation exposures from outdoor exposures to all potential sources.

#### 4.0 **PROGRAM CHANGES**

No program changes occurred during this reporting period.

Prepared by:

Brendan Lawlor Client Project Manager – Emerging Technology

Michael H. Lumphin

Michael Lumpkin, PhD, DABT Senior Toxicologist CTEH<sup>®</sup>, LLC



## APPENDIX A SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODIES



1	Contraction of the local division of the loc	ENIT	LI	A T	DV	r	Air Chain of Custody Record Turn Arou					n Around T	Around Time (rush by advanced notice only)					
	ea	LIN I	111	11	I I		Lab No:				10 Day:		5 Day:	x	(	3 Day	<b>:</b>	
		ANA	LYI	1	CAI	L.	Page:	1	of	1	2 Day:		1 Day:			Custo	m TAT:	
							CUSTOMER INFORMATION						PRO	JECT IN	<b>VFO</b>	RMAT	ION	
							Company:	MAQS				Name:		Sui	ncor	Energy	(U.S.A.)	) Inc.
							Report To:	Brenda	n Lawlor			Number:			P	ROJ-01	1631	
Special Instructions:					Email:	brlaw	lor@mont	rose-env	.com	P.O. #:				PO-012	395			
-		0078					Address:	990 W	43rd Ave, De	nver, CO 8	0211	Address:				N/A	•	
B 1430 (H) 0784				Phone:	303-67	0-0530			Global ID:				N/A					
	A) 0806 (G) 0078 (D) 1430 (H) 0784 (C) 0845 (T) 0724 (D) 0087 (T) 1704 (D) 0704 (B) 0841				Fax:	N/A				Sampled By	:		B	BL/AH/J	G/EP			
	0 1087 31	709													Ar	nalysis	Reques	ted
-	10204 BC	1841													Τ			$\square$
- 10 H H H H	0866													List)				
1	/ 0004	Can	ister pressu Type	re may	Equipmen	and the second se	or the second	ing to a di		A REAL PROPERTY OF THE OWNER OF T	nformation							
			(I) Indoor										T	(Suncor				
	Sample ID (Loca	ation ID)	(A) Ambient	Ca	anister ID	Size (1L, 3L,	Flow Controller	Sample Start	Sample Start	Vacuum	Sample End	Sample End	Vacuum	10				
			(SV) Soil Vapor (S) Source			6L, 15L)	ID	Date	Time	Start ("Hg)	Date	Time	End ("Hg)	T0-1				
1	Rose122821		A	A	32810	6L	15642	12/28/21	7:15AM	23	12/28/21	8:12AM	1	×	+		+	$\vdash$
2	Kearney122821		A	Õ	32850	6L	15653	12/28/21	7:02AM	23	12/28/21	8:00AM	0.5	x	+	$\vdash$	+	$\vdash$
;	AdamsHigh122821		A	6	3203	6L	15644	12/28/21	6:35AM	25	12/28/21	7:35AM	1	x	+		+	
ļ	Focus122821		A	B	R3015	6L	15648	12/28/21	6:50AM	24	12/28/21	7:50AM	1	x	+		+	$\vdash$
5	Monroe122821		A	Ŧ	R3035	6L	15641	12/28/21	7:11AM	24	12/28/21	8:11AM	3	x	+		+	-
5	Central122821		A	ß	32888	6L	1800	12/28/21	6:50AM	23	12/28/21	7:47AM	0.5	x	+		+	
,	AdamsMiddle122821		A	000	39317	6L	15645	12/28/21	7:20AM	23	12/28/21	8:20AM	1	x	$\square$		+	
3	RBC122821		A		R2951	6L	11937	12/28/21	7:01AM	23	12/28/21	8:01AM	1	x	$\square$			
	BFD122821		A		32899	6L	7536	12/28/21	7:08AM	23	12/28/21	8:08AM	0	x	$\vdash$			
)	Camp122821		A		R2997	6L	15646	12/28/21	6:30AM	25	12/28/21	7:30AM	1	x	$\square$		++	
L	JUNC122821		A	0	39301	6L	1606	12/28/21	6:49AM	24	12/28/21	7:49AM	0	x	$\vdash$			-
			Signatur	e			Print	Name		(	Company /	Title			D	ate / 1	Time	
20	elinquished By:		Rà-				Brendan	Lawlor			MAQS/P			1	-		1 12:3	0
	eceived By:	alime	mmi	Qu		A	lyssa 1	n mill	24		ÊA			2.29.				010
6	elinquished By:							Pilli						6.67.	4			710
e	eceived By:	alinsan	mide			Alue	5a M.1	miller		F	A		19	-29.2	21		14	00
e	elinquished By:	0				- data				K.				- 61.6	21			
le	eceived By:														-			

## APPENDIX B AIR SAMPLING RESULTS AND SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT



#### CCND Monitoring Sites

Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 -
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	0.193	0.101	0.0698 (J)	0
1-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
1-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	0.0972	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	0.0646 (J)	< 0.0616	
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	< 0.0612	0.0613 (J)	< 0.0616	0.11	0.0672 (J)	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	0.131	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.315	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	0.171	0.145	
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	0.169	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	0.0801	0.0695	
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	< 0.0616	
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		0.0676 (J)		0.0653 (J)	
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.07	1.06	0.667	1.36		
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.23		0.131	0.29	0.211	
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	3.29		1.16		3.32	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	< 0.0612		0.411			
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.141	0.103	< 0.0616		0.127	
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0866		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		0.0842		< 0.0616	
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	13.4		5.11	17.4	11	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3,3000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0625 (J)		< 0.0616			
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.62		0.64		1.73	
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.173		0.0803		0.194	
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.318		0.148		0.252	
Isobutane	75-28-5	NR		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	4.53		0.428			
Isopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.2		0.358		0.936	
Isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612	< 0.0612	< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
m-/p-Xylenes	108-38-3 &		2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.19		< 0.0616			
m-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		0.0886		< 0.0616	
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0614(J)		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Nonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616			
o-Xylene	95-47-6	NR	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0653 (J)		< 0.0616			
p-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1	0.821	0.36		0.671	
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA	6.77	6.12	2.5		4.28	
Propylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	0.364	0.312	0.205		0.383	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.29		0.101		0.286	
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Trans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616		< 0.0616	
Undecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.0612		< 0.0616			
Undecalle	1120-21-4	1115	550		< U.UOTZ	× 0.0012	< 0.00T0	× 0.0010	< 0.00TQ	

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than (''<'') the MDL.

Result qualifiers are reported to the right of corresponding detections (in parentheses).

(J) flag indicates an estimated value when the concentration is below the reporting limit but above the method detection limit.

NA = Not Available

NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

#### Planned Air Sample

12/28/21

< 0.0613

< 0.0629

< 0.0616

< 0.0616

< 0.0614

0.0712

#### Reference Sites CM7 -CAMP-JUNC-- Focus CM8 - Monroe BFD- Brighton Kearney Denver E470/I25 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0705 (J) 0.081 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 0.0645 (J) 0.158 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 0.0652 (J) < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0988 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0966 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0803 < 0.0629 0.127 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 0.152 0.126 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0716 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 0.137 0.107 < 0.0613 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.12 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0645 (J) < 0.0629 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.957 0.614 0.934 0.649 1.01 1.01 0.193 0.206 0.175 0.159 0.161 0.12 2.14 3.71 2.55 1.66 1.82 3.19 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 0.0907 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.112 0.127 0.0993 0.097 < 0.0614 0.0651(J) < 0.0613 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 0.169 0.454 < 0.0614 0.0941 < 0.0629 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 10.4 < 0.0613 0.068 (J) < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.973 1.32 1.65 1.5 0.872 0.661 0.118 0.218 0.154 0.125 < 0.0614 0.0932 0.152 0.207 0.268 0.314 0.298 0.212 0.774 0.868 1.09 1.03 0.591 0.76 0.738 1.01 1.1 0.958 0.649 0.616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 0.0705 (J) 0.134 0.192 0.103 0.0811 0.172 0.0681(J) < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.134 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 0.155 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 0.0691(J) < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0614 0.0714 (J) < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 0.069 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.678 0.823 0.862 0.932 0.483 0.578 4.63 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 0.261 0.315 0.397 0.211 0.183 0.128 < 0.0613 < 0.0629 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0616 < 0.0613 < 0.0616 < 0.0616 < 0.0614 < 0.0629 < 0.0616

#### Screening Legend

Detection (No Screening Value Established)

Detection < Screening Value

Non-Detection < Screening Value

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